BAB 1

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 26, 29, 31, 33, 37, LATIHAN SOAL AKHIR BAB, URAIAN

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 4

1. a) Minggu, Senin, Selasa, Rabu, Kamis, Jum'at, Sabtu, Minggu, Senin

-8 (-7) -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0

b) Kamis Jum'at Sabtu Minggu Senin

(-4) -3 (-2) -1 0

c) Senin Selasa Rabu

0 1 (2)

2. a) A B C D E F G H I J K

(-10) -9 -8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0

b) K L M N O P Q R S T U V W

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 (12)

3. a) Temperatur lemari es 3°C lebih dingin dibandingkan 0°C

(-3°C) -2°C -1°C 0°C

-3 -2 -1 0

b) Anomali air terjadi pada saat 4°C lebih panas dari 0°C

0°C 1°C 2°C 3°C (4°C)

0 1 2 3 4.

c) Ruang pendingin 7°C lebih dingin dari 0°C.

(-7°C) -6°C -5°C -4°C -3°C -2°C -1°C 0°C

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

4. a)

35°C 36°C 37°C

(-2) -1 0

b)

36°C 37°C

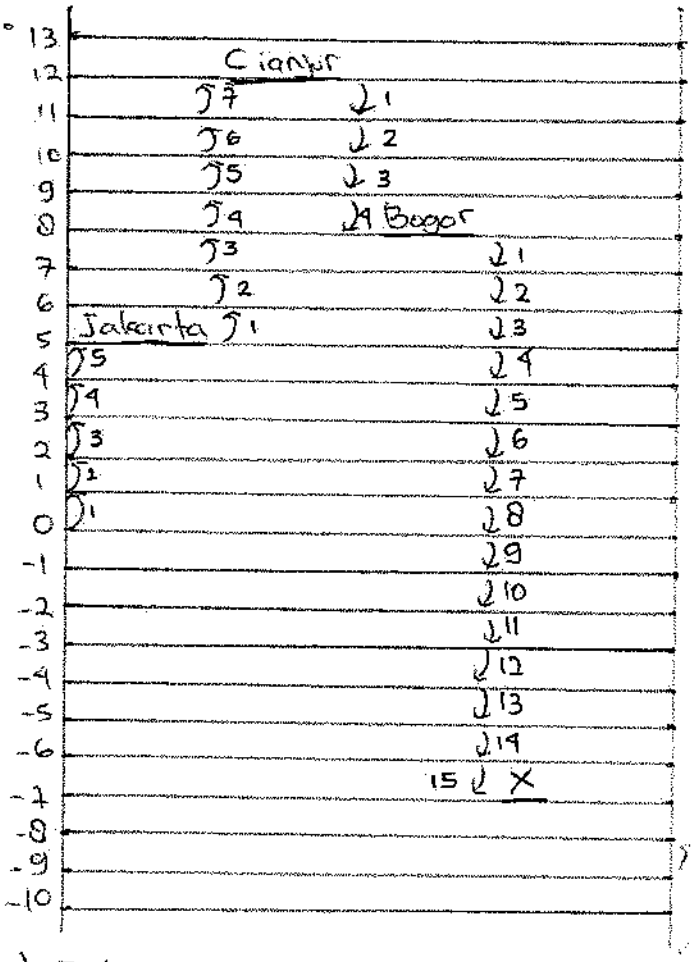
(-1) 0

c)

37°C 38°C 39°C

0 1 (2)

5.



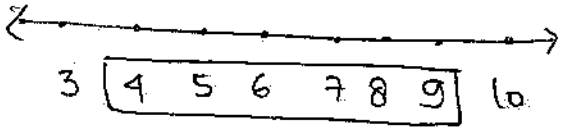
a) Jakarta berada di ketinggian 5

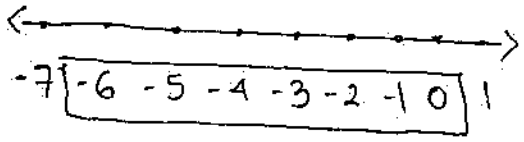
b) Cianjur berada di ketinggian 12

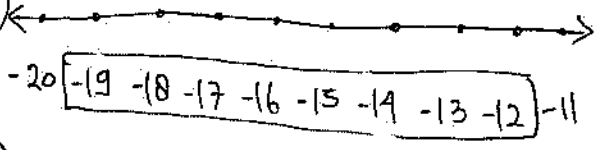
c) Bogor berada di ketinggian 8

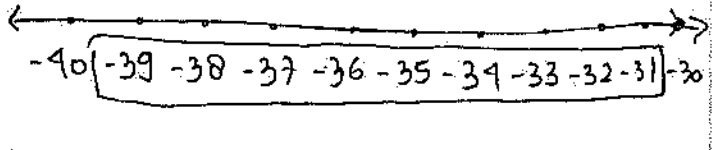
d) Kota X berada di ketinggian -7.

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 5

1. a) 

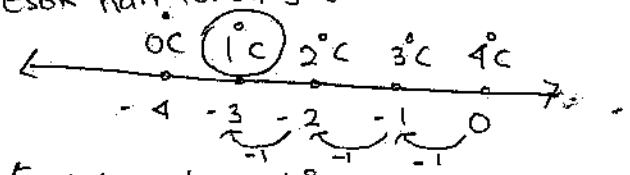
b) 

c) 

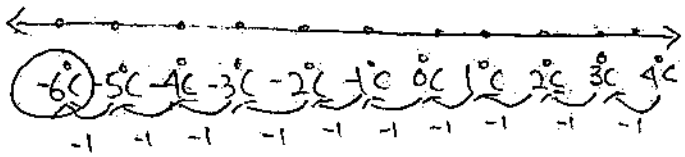
d) 

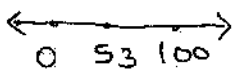
2. Hari ini 4°C ditulis sebagai 0

a) Esok hari turun 3°C

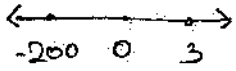


b). Esok hari turun 10°C.

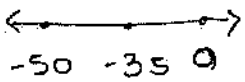


3. a) 

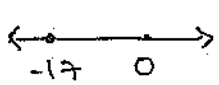
=> 100 > 53

b) 

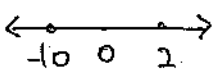
=> 3 > -200

c) 

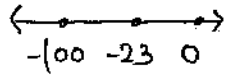
=> -35 > -50

d) 

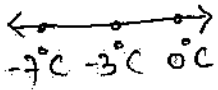
=> 0 > -17.

e). 

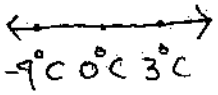
=> 2 > -10

f). 

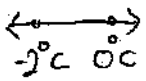
=> -23 > -100

4. a) 

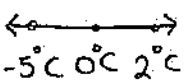
=> -3°C lebih panas dari -7°C

b) 

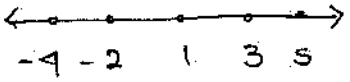
=> 3°C lebih panas dari -9°C

4. c). 

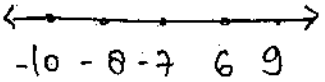
=> 0°C lebih panas dari -2°C.

d) 

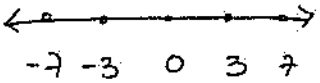
=> 2°C lebih panas dari -5°C

5. a). 

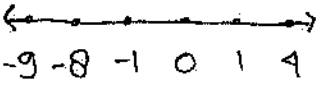
=> -4, -2, 1, 3, 5.

b). 

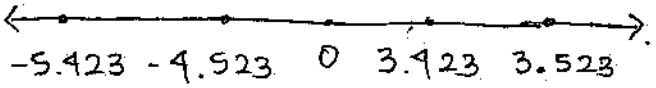
=> -10, -8, -7, 6, 9

c). 

=> -7, -3, 0, 3, 7.

d). 

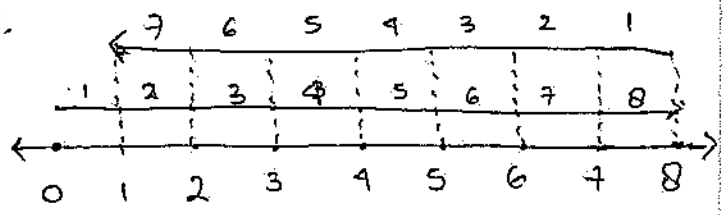
=> -9, -8, -1, 0, 1, 4

e). 

=> -5.423, -4.523, 0, 3.423, 3.523

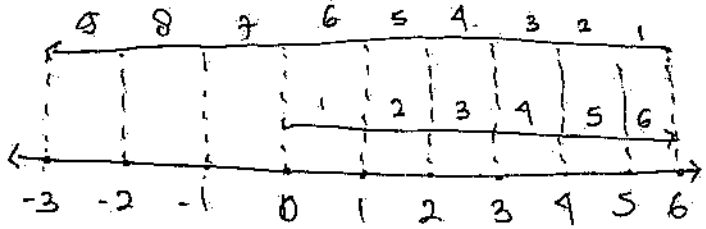
UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 8

1. a).



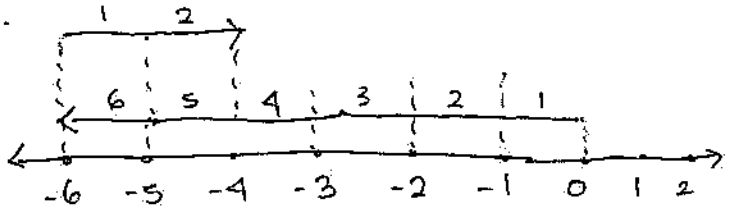
$\Rightarrow 8 + (-7) = 1$

b).



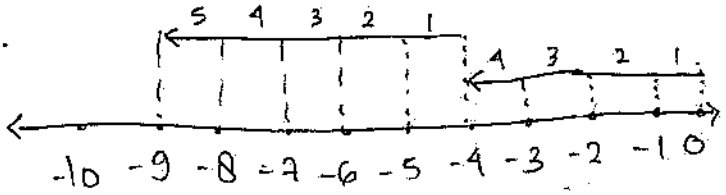
$\Rightarrow 6 + (-9) = -3$

c).



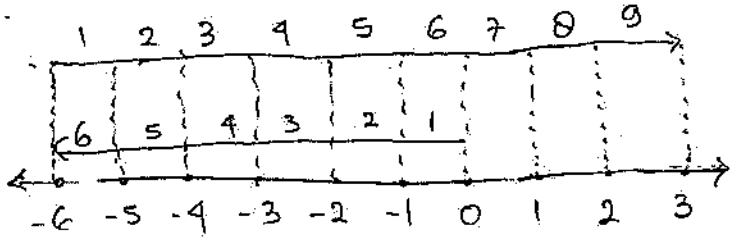
$\Rightarrow (-6) + 2 = -4$

d).



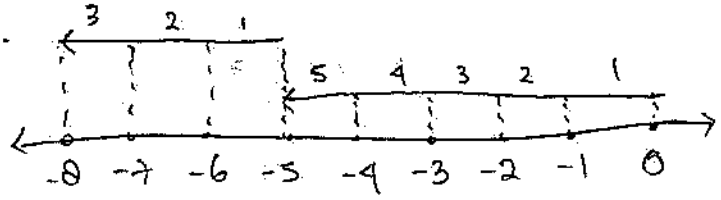
$\Rightarrow (-4) + (-5) = -9$

e).



$\Rightarrow (-6) + 9 = 3$

f).



$\Rightarrow (-5) + (-3) = -8$

2. a) $34 + (-5) = 34 - 5 = 29$

b) $49 + (-23) = 49 - 23 = 26$

c) $(-75) + (-34) = -(75 + 34) = -109$

d) $(-69) + (-45) = -(69 + 45) = -114$

3. a) $123 + (-87) = 123 - 87 = 36$

b) $527 + (-213) = 527 - 213 = 314$

c) $(-534) + (-278) = -(534 + 278) = -812$

d) $(-813) + (-376) = -(813 + 376) = -1189$

4. a). $5 + 4$

b) $(-5) + (-4)$

c). $5 + (-3)$

d). $(-5) + 3$

e). $3 + (-5)$

5.

a+b	+	-
+	+	①
-	②	-

untuk ① dan ② tidak bisa dipastikan tandanya. Tergantung dari besaran a dan b.

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 13

1. a). $2345+(-173)=2345-173=2.172$

b). $(-5.342)+567=-(5.342-567)=-4.775$

c) $(-3.572)+(-730)=-(3.572+730)=-4.302$

d). $457+(-7.282)=(-7.282)+457$.

$=-(7.282-457)=-6.825$

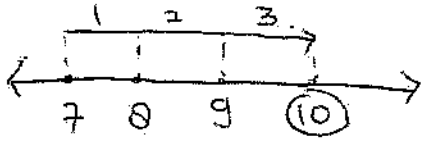
e). $536+(-34)+(-536)$

$=536+(-536)+(-34)$

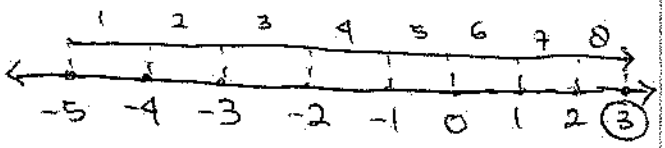
$=0+(-34)=-34$.

f). $0+345+(-345)=0+0=0$

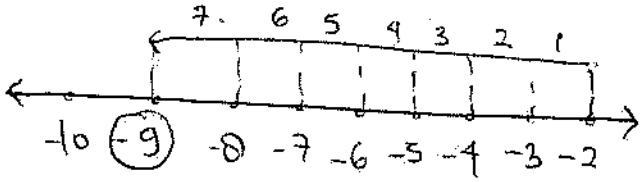
2. a) $7-(-3)=10$.



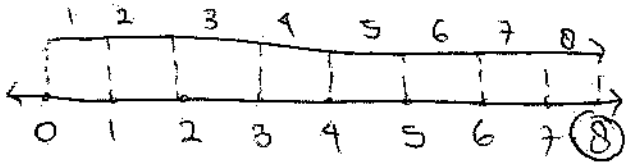
b). $(-5)-(-8)=3$.



c). $(-2)-7=-9$.



d). $0-(-8)=8$.



3. a) $a-(-b)=a+b$

b) $(-a)-(-b)=-a+b$.

c) $(-a)-b=-(a+b)$

d) $0-(-a)=a$

4. a) $45-37+23$

$=45+(-37)+23 \rightarrow$ B.O.P*

$=8+23=31$

b). $(-67)+45-23$.

$=(-67)+45+(-23) \rightarrow$ B.O.P*

$=-67+22$

$=-(67-22)=-45$

c). $45-(-57)-83$

$=45+57+(-83) \rightarrow$ B.O.P*

$=102-83=19$

d). $(-56)-45-(-47)$

$=(-56)+(-45)+47 \rightarrow$ B.O.P*

$=(-56)+2=-54$

* B.O.P = Bentuk Operasi Penjumlahan

5. a). $45+(-37)=45-37=8$

b). $(-45)+37=-(45-37)=-8$

c). $45-(-37)=45+37=82$.

d). $(-45)-37=-(45+37)=-82$.

e). $(-67)+(-29)=-(67+29)=-96$.

f). $(-67)-(-29)=-(67-29)=-38$.

6 a) $a-b \stackrel{?}{=} b-a$, misalkan $a=3, b=4$

- $a-b=3-4=-1$
- $b-a=4-3=1$

$\rightarrow a-b \neq b-a$

b) $a-(b-c) \stackrel{?}{=} (a-b)-c$, misalkan $a=4, b=3$ dan $c=2$

- $a-(b-c)=4-(3-2)=4-1=3$
- $(a-b)-c=(4-3)-2=1-2=-1$

$\therefore a-(b-c) \neq (a-b)-c$

c). Ada, yaitu 0 itu sendiri karena jika sebuah bilangan dikurangi 0 akan kembali ke bilangan itu lagi.

Contoh: $3-0=3, 4-0=4, 5-0=5$

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 13

6. d). Ada, yaitu bilangan itu sendiri

Contoh : 3-3=0, 4-4=0, 5-5=0

7. a). $n+21=16$

$n+21+(-21)=16+(-21)$

$n=-5$

b). $65+n=-13$.

$65+(-65)+n=(-13)+(-65)$

$n=-78$

c). $n-(-8)=17$.

$n+8=17$

$n+8+(-8)=17+(-8)$.

$n=9$

d). $(-5)+n=7$

$5+(-5)+n=5+7$.

$n=12$.

e). $n-6=-5$.

$n+(-6)=(-5)$

$n+(-6)+6=(-5)+6$

$n=1$

f). $n-53=-45$

$n+(-53)=(-45)$

$n+(-53)+53=(-45)+53$

$n=53-45=8$

8. a) 436

$\frac{197-}{239}$ => $197+239=436$ ✓

b). 500

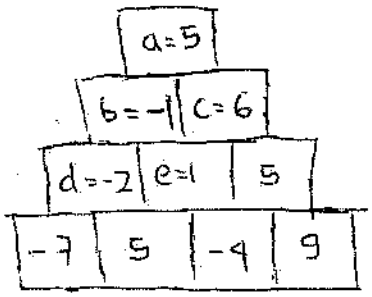
$\frac{164-}{336}$ => $164+336=500$ ✓

c). 1702

$\frac{406-}{1316}$ => $406+1316=1802$ X

$1802 \neq 1702$.

9. a)



=> $d=-7+5=-(7-5)=-2$

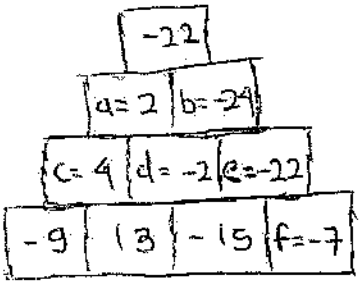
=> $e=5+(-4)=5-4=1$.

=> $b=-2+1=-(2-1)=-1$.

=> $c=1+5=6$

=> $a=-1+6=5$

b)



=> $c=-9+13=13-9=4$.

=> $d=13+(-15)=-(15-13)=-2$

=> $a=4+(-2)=4-2=2$.

=> $b=(-22)-2=-(22+2)=-24$.

=> $e=-24-(-2)=-(24-2)=-22$.

=> $f=-22-(-15)=-(22-15)=-7$

10. a). Temperatur pukul 18.00 = 4°C.

Temperatur pukul 15.00 lebih panas 3°C dibanding pukul 18.00

=> Temperatur pukul 15.00 = 4°C + 3°C = 7°C

b). Temperatur pukul 12.00 lebih panas 4°C dibandingkan pukul 15.00

=> Temperatur pukul 12.00 = 7°C + 4°C = 11°C.

c). Temperatur pukul 09.00 lebih dingin 2°C dibandingkan pukul 12.00

=> Temperatur pukul 09.00 = 11°C - 2°C = 9°C.

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 13

(0.d) Temperatur pukul 06.00 lebih dingin 8°C dibandingkan pukul 09.00

=) Temperatur Pukul 06.00 = 9°C - 8°C = 1°C

e).

Waktu	06.00	09.00	12.00	15.00
Temperatur	1°C	9°C	11°C	7°C

Waktu	18.00
Temperatur	4°C

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 17

1. a) $5 \times (-4) = -(5 \times 4) = -20$

b) $(-7) \times 4 = -(7 \times 4) = -28$

c) $(-6) \times (-3) = 6 \times 3 = 18$

d) $0 \times 7 = 0$

2. a) $(-a) \times b = -(a \times b) = -ab$

b) $(-a) \times (-b) = a \times b = ab$

c) $a \times (-b) = -(a \times b) = -ab$

3.

a x b	+	−
+	+	−
−	−	+

4. • Berat paman sekarang 85 kg

• Berat paman turun 2 kg setiap minggu

a). Berat paman lima minggu yang akan datang

$= 85 - 2 \times 5 = 85 - 10 = 75$ kg

b). Berat paman lima minggu yang lalu

$= 85 + 2 \times 5 = 85 + 10 = 95$ kg

5. Total soal = 30 buah, Poin benar = 4

Poin salah = −2, Poin tidak menjawab = 0

a). Jumlah soal benar = 25 soal

Jumlah soal salah = 3 soal.

Jumlah soal tidak dijawab = $30 - (25+3)$

$= 30 - 28$

$= 2$ soal

Total poin = $25 \times 4 + 3 \times (-2) + 2 \times 0$

$= 100 - 6 = 94$ poin

* Perhatikan jumlah soal tidak dijawab tidak mempengaruhi total poin sehingga tidak perlu dicari tahu

b). 23 benar dan 5 salah

⇒ Total poin = $23 \times 4 + 5 \times (-2)$

$= 92 - 10 =$

$= 82$ poin

c). 3 benar dan 27 salah.

⇒ Total poin = $3 \times 4 + 27 \times (-2)$

$= 12 + (-54)$

$= -(54 - 12) =$

$= -42$

d). 30 salah

⇒ Total poin = $30 \times (-2) = -60$

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 20

1.a). $4\times(-15) = -(4\times15) = -60$
$(-15)\times 4 = -(15\times4) = -60$ } -> sama.

b) $(-17)\times11 = -(17\times11) = -187$
$11\times(-17) = -(11\times17) = -187$ } -> Sama.

c) $(-6)\times(-23) = 6\times23 = 138$
$(-23)\times(-6) = 23\times6 = 138$ } -> Sama.

2.a). $(-1)\times(-1) = 1$ -> positif

b). $(-1)\times(-1)\times(-1) = -1$ -> negatif.

c). $\underbrace{(-1)\times(-1)\times(-1)\times(-1)}$ =
$= (-1)\times(-1) = 1$ -> positif.

d). $\underbrace{(-1)\times(-1)\times(-1)\times(-1)\times(-1)\times(-1)\times(-1)}$
$= 1\times(-1) = -1$ <-> negatif.

3.

-2	a=-9	b=-24
c=-36	d=-12	e=-1
-6	-4	-18

•) $(-2)\times c\times(-6) = (-6)\times(-4)\times(-18)$.
$(-2)\times c = (-2)\times2\times(-18)$.
$c = 2\times(-18) = -36$.

•) $(-2)\times d\times(-18) = (-6)\times(-4)\times(-18)$.
$(-2)\times d = (-6)\times(-2)\times2$
$d = (-6)\times2 = -12$

•) $(-36)\times(-12)\times e = (-6)\times(-4)\times(-18)$
$(-36)\times(-12)\times e = \underbrace{(-6)\times2}\times\underbrace{2\times(-1)\times(-18)}$
$(-36)\times(-12)\times e = (-12)\times(-36)\times(-1)$.
$e = -1$

•) $(-4)\times(-12)\times a = (-6)\times(-4)\times(-18)$.
$48a = 24\times(2)\times(-9)$.
$48a = 48\times(-9)$.
$a = -9$

3. Lanjutan
•) $(-2)\times(-9)\times b = (-6)\times(-4)\times(-18)$.
$18\times b = \overbrace{6\times\underbrace{(-1)\times(-4)}\times(-18)}$
$18\times b = (-24)\times18$
$b = -24$

4 a) $\square\times9\times8 = 72$.
$\square\times72 = 1\times72$.
$\square = 1$

b). $\underbrace{7\times\square\times4} = -84$
$28\times\square = 28\times(-3)$
$\square = -3$

c). $\underbrace{(-7)\times\square\times(-5)} = 105$
$35\times\square = 3\times35$.
$\square = 3$.

d). $5\times(-4)\times\square = -60$.
$(-20)\times\square = (-20)\times3$.
$\square = 3$.

e). $\underbrace{(-3)\times\square\times(-2)} = -24$.
$6\times\square = 6\times(-4)$
$\square = -4$

f). $\underbrace{(-5)\times\square\times(-3)} = 45$.
$15\times\square = 15\times3$.
$\square = 3$.

5. Bilangan di sekitar 50 = 50+a, 50+b.
dimana a, b adalah bilangan bulat
$(50+a)(50+b) = 50\times50+50\times a+50\times b+a\times b$.

a). $47\times49 = 50\times50+50\times(-3)+50\times(-1)+(-3)\times(-1)$.
$= 2500+(-150)+(-50)+3 = 2303$.

b). $48\times46 = 50\times50+50\times(-2)+50\times(-4)+(-2)\times(-4)$
$= 2500+(-100)+(-200)+8 = 2208$.

c). $52\times53 = 2500+50(2)+50(3)+(2)\times(3)$
$= 2500+100+150+6 = 2756$

d). $53\times48 = 2500+50\times3+50\times(-2)+(3)\times(-2)$
$= 2500+150-100-6 = 2544$.

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 22

1. a). $54 : 2 = \ldots \Leftrightarrow 2 \times \ldots = 54$.

$2 \times \ldots = 54$

$2 \times \ldots = 2 \times 27$.

$54 : 2 = 27$

b). $(-639) : 3 = \ldots \Leftrightarrow 3 \times \ldots = -639$.

$3 \times \ldots = -639$.

$3 \times \ldots = (-213) \times 3$.

$(-639) : 3 = -213$.

c). $1256 : (-3) = \ldots \Leftrightarrow (-3) \times \ldots = 1256$.

$(-3) \times \ldots = 1256$.

$(-3) \times \ldots = (-3) \times \left(-\frac{1256}{3}\right)$

$1256 : -3 = -\frac{1256}{3} = -418\frac{2}{3}$.

d). $(-1.404) : (-6) = \ldots \Leftrightarrow (-6) \times \ldots = (-1.404)$

$(-6) \times \ldots = (-1.404)$.

$(-6) \times \ldots = (-6) \times 234$.

$(-1.404) : (-6) = 234$

2. a). $12 : \ldots = 3$.

Diketahui: $4 \times 3 = 12$.

$\Rightarrow 12 : 4 = 3$.

b) $36 : \ldots = -4$.

Diketahui: $36 = 9 \times 4 = (-9) \times (-4)$.

$\Rightarrow 36 : (-9) = -4$

c). $(-221) : \ldots = 17$.

Diketahui: $221 = 17 \times 13$

$\Rightarrow -221 = (-17) \times 13 = 17 \times (-13)$.

$\Rightarrow (-221) : (-13) = 17$.

d). $(-667) : \ldots = -29$

Diketahui: $667 = 29 \times 23$

$\Rightarrow -667 = (-29) \times 23$.

$\Rightarrow (-667) : 23 = -29$

3.

$\frac{a}{b}$	+	−
+	+	−
−	−	+

4. a) $\frac{72}{6} = 12$

b). $\frac{360}{72} = \frac{360:6}{72:6} = \frac{60}{12} = \frac{60:6}{12:6} = \frac{10}{2} = 5$.

c). $\frac{390}{195} = \frac{390:5}{195:5} = \frac{78}{39} = \frac{78:39}{39:39} = 2$.

d). $\frac{3213}{6} = 535\frac{1}{2}$.

5. Pengurangan ketinggian 800 m permenit

Pengurangan ketinggian pada menit ke-10 $= 800 \times 10$

$= 8.000$ m.

ketinggian awal $= 10.000$ m.

ketinggian pada menit ke-10 $= 10.000 - 8.000$

$= 2.000$ m.

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 23

1. a). $3^3 \times 3^5 = (3\times3\times3)\times(3\times3\times3\times3\times3)$

$= 3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3$

$= 3^8$

b). $2^7 \times 2^2 = (2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2)\times(2\times2)$

$= 2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2$

$= 2^9$

c). $2^5 \times 2^8 = (2\times2\times2\times2\times2)$

$\times(2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2)$

$= 2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2\times2$

$= 2^{13}$.

d). Perhatikan bagian a), b) dan, c)

$3^3 \times 3^5 = 3^8$, Dik: $3+5=8$.

$2^7 \times 2^2 = 2^9$, Dik: $7+2=9$.

$2^5 \times 2^8 = 2^{13}$. Dik: $5+8=13$

$\Rightarrow 2^a \times 2^b = 2^{(a+b)}$

2. a). $3^9 : 3^2 = \dfrac{3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3}{3\times3}$

$= 3^6$

b). $3^7 : 3^4 = \dfrac{3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3\times3}{3\times3\times3\times3}$

$= 3^3$

c). $2^5 : 3^2 = 32/9$

d). Perhatikan bagian a), b), dan c)

$3^8 : 3^2 = 3^6$, Dik: $8-2=6$.

$3^7 : 3^4 = 3^3$, Dik: $7-4=3$.

$\Rightarrow 2^a : 2^b = 2^{(a-b)}$

3. Dik: 2^a adalah bilangan sebut k.

$2^a = k$, Dik: $k\cdot1=k$.

$\Rightarrow \dfrac{2^a}{2^a} = 1 \Rightarrow 2^0 = 1$ //

4. a). $(45\times40):72 = \dfrac{9\times5\times5\times8}{9\times8} = 25$.

b). $(84\times65):105 = \dfrac{12\times7\times5\times13}{21\times5}$.

$= \dfrac{3\times4\times7\times13}{3\times7} = 52$.

c) $30\times48:200 = \dfrac{6\times5\times4\times12}{4\times72}$.

$= \dfrac{72\times5}{72} = 5$.

d). $24\times27:36 = \dfrac{12\times2\times3\times9}{36}$.

$= \dfrac{36\times2\times9}{36} = 18$

5. a). $640:(12\times3) = \dfrac{8\times81}{4\times3\times3} = \dfrac{4\times2\times8\times9}{4\times8}$

$= 2\times9 = 18$

b) $(24\times36):(12\times9) = \dfrac{12\times2\times4\times9}{12\times9} = 8$.

c). $(160\times84):(20\times56) = \dfrac{8\times21\times4\times12}{4\times7\times8\times7}$

$= \dfrac{3\times7\times4\times3}{4\times7}$

$= 9$.

d). $(3.969\times1575):(147\times25)$

$= \dfrac{9\times441\times5\times315}{3\times49\times5\times5} = \dfrac{3\times3\times9\times49\times5\times63}{3\times49\times5}$

$= 27\times63 = 1620+81 = 1701$

UJI PEMAHAMAN HAL 25

1. a) $2^3 + 2^3 = 2 \times 2^3 = 2^4$

b) $2^5 + 2^5 = 2^1 \times 2^5 = 2^6$

c). $2^5 - 2^4 = 2 \times 2^4 - 2^4 = 2^4(2-1) = 2^4$

d). $3^5 - 3^4 = 3 \times 3^4 - 3^4 = 3^4(3-1) = 3^4 \times 2$.

2. a) $2^3 + 2^5 = 2^3 \times 1 + 2^3 \times 2^2$

$= 2^3(1 + 2^2) = 2^3 \times (1+4)$

$= 2^3(5) = 2^3 \times 5$.

b). $2^5 - 2^3 = 2^3 \times 2^2 - 2^3 \times 1$

$= 2^3 \times (2^2 - 1) = 2^3(4-1)$

$= 2^3 \times 3$

c). $3^5 + 3^2 = 3^2 \times 3^3 + 3^2 \times 1$

$= 3^2 \times (3^3 + 1) = 3^2 \times (27+1)$

$= 3^2 \times (28) = 3^2 \times 2^2 \times 7$

d). $3^7 - 3^6 = 3^6 \times 3 - 3^6 \times 1$

$= 3^6 \times (3-1)$

$= 3^6 \times 2$.

3. a). $2^3 + (2^4 \times 2^5) = 2^3 + 2^9$

$= 2^3 \times 1 + 2^3 \times 2^6$

$= 2^3(1 + 2^6) = 2^3(1+64)$

$= 2^3(65) = 2^3 \times 5 \times 13$.

b). $3^5 + (3^2 \times 3^3) = 3^5 + 3^5 = 2 \times 3^5$

4. a). $(2^5 + 2^3) \div 2^2 = (2^3 \times 2^2 + 2^3 \times 1) \div 2^2$

$= [2^3 \times (2^2 + 1)] \div 2^2$.

$= \frac{2^3 \times (4+1)}{2^2} = 2 \times 5$.

b). $(2^7 - 2^4) \div 2^2 = (2^4 \times 2^3 - 2^4 \times 1) \div 2^2$.

$= [2^4 \times (2^3 - 1)] \div 2^2$.

$= 2^2 \times (8-1) = 2^2 \times 7$

5. a). $2^7 + (2^5 \times 2^2) = 2^7 + 2^7 = 2 \times 2^7 = 2^8$.

b). $2^7 - (2^5 \times 2^2) = 2^7 - 2^7 = 0$

c). $(2^7 + 2^6) \div 2^3 = (2^6 \times 2 + 2^6 \times 1) \div 2^3$.

$= [2^6 \times (2+1)] \div 2^3$

$= 2^3 \times 3$

d). $(2^9 - 2^4) \div 2^3 = (2^4 \times 2^5 - 2^4 \times 1) \div 2^3$.

$= [2^4 \times (2^5 - 1)] \div 2^3$

$= 2 \times (32-1) = 2 \times 31$.

MODEL SOAL AKM BAB 1

PRAKIRAAN CUACA KOTA MOSKOW

Suhu	Siang	Malam
Selasa, 1 Februari 2022	-2°C	-5°C
Rabu, 2 Februari 2022	-3°C	-6°C
Kamis, 3 Februari 2022	-4°C	-9°C
Jum'at, 4 Februari 2022	-5°C	-8°C

Kelembapan	Siang	Malam
Selasa, 1 Februari 2022	86%	88%
Rabu, 2 Februari 2022	84%	87%
Kamis, 3 Februari 2022	87%	89%
Jum'at, 4 Februari 2022	84%	87%

Pertanyaan 1

Pernyataan 1: Tidak, karena yang tertera adalah siang hari lebih panas (lebih besar) dibandingkan malam hari

Pernyataan 2: Iya, Perhatikan

1 Februari : $-2-(-5)=5-2=3°C$

2 Februari : $-3-(-6)=6-3=3°C$

terbesar ← 3 Februari : $-4-(-9)=9-4=5°C$

4 Februari : $-5-(-8)=8-5=3°C$

Pernyataan 3: iya. Perhatikan di atas

Pernyataan 4: tidak, karena suhu pada tanggal 4 Februari 2022 waktu malam hari adalah -8°C yang lebih hangat dibandingkan suhu pada tanggal 3 Februari 2022 waktu malam hari sebesar -9°C.

Pertanyaan 2

Pernyataan 1: iya. Perhatikan ↓

1 Februari : 88% - 86% = 2% ← ada*

2 Februari : 87% - 84% = 3% ← ada*

3 Februari : 89% - 87% = 2% ← ada*

4 Februari : 87% - 84% = 3% ← ada*

* ada kalau selisih kelembapan nya tidak sama dengan nol

Pernyataan 2: iya. perharikan ↑

Pernyataan 3: iya, karena suhu pada siang hari lebih hangat dibandingkan malam hari dan perubahan suhunya sebesar 3°C

Pernyataan 4: tidak, karena selisih suhu terbesar adalah 5°C

Pertanyaan 3

Pernyataan 1 : Selisih suhu malam hari 3 Februari dan 4 Februari

=> $-8-(-9)=9-8=1°C$

Pernyataan 2 : Selisih suhu malam hari 2 Februari dan 3 Februari

=> $-9-(-6)=-(9-6)=-3°C$

Pernyataan 3: Penurunan suhu pada 4 Februari

=> $(-5)-(-8)=8-5=3°C$

Pernyataan 4: Penurunan suhu tertinggi ada pada 3 Februari yaitu 5°C